CONTENTS

Tra	nslators' Note	xii
Preface to the First Edition, 1934 Preface to the First English Edition, 1959		xv
		xviii
PAR	T I Introduction to the Logic of Science	
1	A Survey of Some Fundamental Problems	3
	1 The Problem of Induction	
	2 Elimination of Psychologism	
	3 Deductive Testing of Theories	
	4 The Problem of Demarcation	
	5 Experience as a Method	
	6 Falsifiability as a Criterion of Demarcation	
	7 The Problem of the 'Empirical Basis'	
	8 Scientific Objectivity and Subjective Conviction	
2	On the Problem of a Theory of Scientific Method	27
	9 Why Methodological Decisions are Indispensable	
	÷ , 0 ,	
	9 Why Methodological Decisions are Indispensable 10 The Naturalistic Approach to the Theory of Method 11 Methodological Rules as Conventions	

/III CONTENTS

PART II Some Structural Components of a Theory of Experience

3	 Theories 12 Causality, Explanation, and the Deduction of Predictions 13 Strict and Numerical Universality 14 Universal Concepts and Individual Concepts 15 Strictly Universal and Existential Statements 16 Theoretical Systems 17 Some Possibilities of Interpreting a System of Axioms 18 Levels of Universality. The Modus Tollens 	37
4	 Falsifiability Some Conventionalist Objections Methodological Rules Logical Investigation of Falsifiability Falsifiability and Falsification Occurrences and Events Falsifiability and Consistency 	57
5	 The Problem of the Empirical Basis 25 Perceptual Experiences as Empirical Basis: Psychologism 26 Concerning the So-Called 'Protocol Sentences' 27 The Objectivity of the Empirical Basis 28 Basic Statements 29 The Relativity of Basic Statements. Resolution of Fries's Trilemma 30 Theory and Experiment 	74
6	 Degrees of Testability A Programme and an Illustration How are Classes of Potential Falsifiers to be Compared? Degrees of Falsifiability Compared by Means of the Subclass Relation The Structure of the Subclass Relation. Logical Probability Empirical Content, Entailment, and Degrees of Falsifiability Levels of Universality and Degrees of Precision 	95

30	 Logical Ranges. Notes on the Theory of Measurement Degrees of Testability Compared by Reference to Dimensions The Dimension of a Set of Curves Two Ways of Reducing the Number of Dimensions of a Set of Curves 	
41 42 43 44 45	mplicity Elimination of the Aesthetic and the Pragmatic Concepts of Simplicity The Methodological Problem of Simplicity Simplicity and Degree of Falsifiability Geometrical Shape and Functional Form The Simplicity of Euclidean Geometry Conventionalism and the Concept of Simplicity	121
47 48 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62	 obability The Problem of Interpreting Probability Statements Subjective and Objective Interpretations The Fundamental Problem of the Theory of Chance The Frequency Theory of von Mises Plan for a New Theory of Probability Relative Frequency within a Finite Class Selection, Independence, Insensitiveness, Irrelevance Finite Sequences. Ordinal Selection and Neighbourhood Selection n-Freedom in Finite Sequences Sequences of Segments. The First Form of the Binomial Formula Infinite Sequences. Hypothetical Estimates of Frequency An Examination of the Axiom of Randomness Chance-Like Sequences. Objective Probability Bernoulli's Theorem and the Interpretation of Probability Statements Bernoulli's Theorem and the Problem of Convergence 	133

	 64 Elimination of the Axiom of Convergence. Solution of the 'Fundamental Problem of the Theory of Chance' 65 The Problem of Decidability 66 The Logical Form of Probability Statements 67 A Probabilistic System of Speculative Metaphysics 68 Probability in Physics 69 Law and Chance 70 The Deducibility of Macro Laws from Micro Laws 71 Formally Singular Probability Statements 72 The Theory of Range 	
	 Some Observations on Quantum Theory 73 Heisenberg's Programme and the Uncertainty Relations 74 A Brief Outline of the Statistical Interpretation of Quantum Theory 75 A Statistical Re-Interpretation of the Uncertainty Formulae 76 An Attempt to Eliminate Metaphysical Elements by Inverting Heisenberg's Programme; with Applications 77 Decisive Experiments 78 Indeterminist Metaphysics 	209
	 Corroboration, or How a Theory Stands up to Tests 79 Concerning the So-Called Verification of Hypotheses 80 The Probability of a Hypothesis and the Probability of Events: Criticism of Probability Logic 81 Inductive Logic and Probability Logic 82 The Positive Theory of Corroboration: How a Hypothesis may 'Prove its Mettle' 83 Corroborability, Testability, and Logical Probability 84 Remarks Concerning the Use of the Concepts 'True' and 'Corroborated' 85 The Path of Science 	248
APPER	NDICES	

- i Definition of the Dimension of a Theoryii The General Calculus of Frequency in Finite Classes 283
- 286

iii	Derivation of the First Form of the Binomial	
	Formula	290
iv	A Method of Constructing Models of Random	
	Sequences	293
v	Examination of an Objection. The Two-Slit	
	Experiment	297
vi	Concerning a Non-Predictive Procedure of	
	Measuring	301
vii	Remarks Concerning an Imaginary Experiment	305

NEW APPENDICES

×i	Two Notes on Induction and Demarcation,	
	1933–1934	312
*ii	A Note on Probability, 1938	319
iii*	On the Heuristic Use of the Classical Definition	
	of Probability	325
*iv	The Formal Theory of Probability	329
* ۷	Derivations in the Formal Theory of Probability	356
*vi	On Objective Disorder or Randomness	369
*vii	Zero Probability and the Fine-Structure of	
	Probability and of Content	374
*viii	Content, Simplicity, and Dimension	392
*ix	Corroboration, the Weight of Evidence, and	
	Statistical Tests	402
*х	Universals, Dispositions, and Natural or	
	Physical Necessity	440
*xi	On the Use and Misuse of Imaginary	
	Experiments, Especially in Quantum Theory	464
*xii	The Experiment of Einstein, Podolsky and Rosen.	
	A Letter from Albert Einstein, 1935	481

INDICES, compiled by Dr. J. Agassi

Name Index	489
Subject Index	494